

Gross domestic product in Mazowieckie Voivodship in 2021

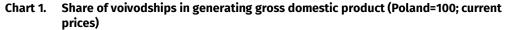
21 December 2023

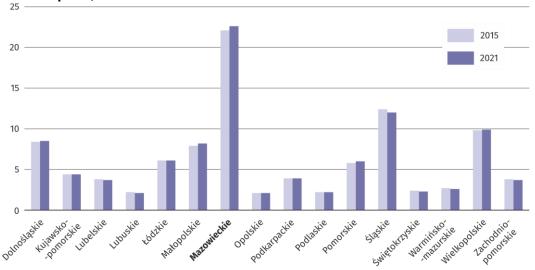


In 2021, the value of gross domestic product generated in Mazowieckie Voivodship amounted to PLN 593 814 million. In comparison with 2020, it was higher in current prices by 10.8%. GDP growth was recorded in all subregions.

Mazowieckie Voivodship is the economically strongest area of the country, in which the largest part of gross domestic product (GDP) is generated, as illustrated by the final result of the activities of all entities of the national economy. In 2021, the share of Mazowieckie Voivodship in generating GDP amounted to 22.6% and was by 0.3 pp smaller in relation to 2020 and by 0.5 pp larger than in 2015.

Mazowieckie Voivodship generated over 1/5 of the national GDP value





The value of GDP generated in the voivodship in 2021 amounted to PLN 593 814 million and, as compared to the previous year, was higher in current prices by 10.8% and in constant prices – by 5.0%. The real growth was by 1.9 pp smaller than the country average. Compared to other voivodships, Mazowieckie took 16th (i.e. last) place in terms of the largest increase in GDP volume).

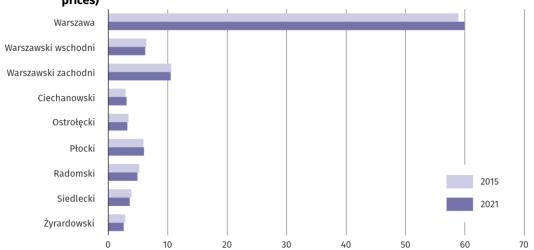
The results of calculations of gross domestic product in the territorial cross-section for the years 2015–2021 indicate clear disproportions in the level of economic development of regions and subregions forming województwo mazowieckie macroregion¹. In 2021, region warszawski stołeczny generated 17.3% of the national GDP, while region mazowiecki regionalny –

¹ Data for the macroregion, regions and subregions correspond to levels 1, 2 and 3 of the Classification of Territorial Units for Statistics (NUTS 2016) in force from 1 January 2018.

5.3%. The shares of individual subregions in generating the macroregion's GDP ranged from 2.6% (żyrardowski subregion) to 59.9% (Warszawa subregion); in 2015, from 2.8% to 58.9%. The gap between the subregions with the largest and the lowest share in generating GDP increased in the discussed period by 1.2 pp (from 56.1 to 57.3 pp). The relation between these subregions deteriorated – while in 2015, the value of GDP generated in Warszawa subregion was 21 times higher than in żyrardowski subregion, six years later it was 23 times higher.

In comparison with 2015, three subregions increased their share in generating gross domestic product, with Warszawa the most (by 1.0 pp). The shares of six subregions decreased, of which radomski and siedlecki the most (by 0.3 pp each).

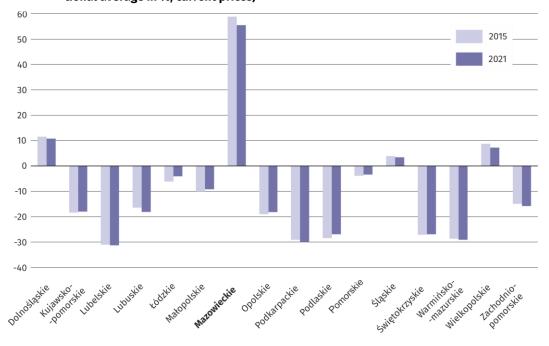




The territorial diversification of the level of economic development is best illustrated by the gross domestic product per capita. In 2021, the average level of this measure for Mazowieckie Voivodship amounted to PLN 107 711 and was higher by 10.9% as compared to the previous year. In real terms, it was higher compared to 2020 by 5.1% (in Poland, by 7.5%). Mazowieckie Voivodship has the highest level of this indicator in Poland – in 2021, it exceeded the national average by 55.5% (by PLN 38 448); in 2020, it was higher by 58.6%, and in 2015 – by 58.8%.

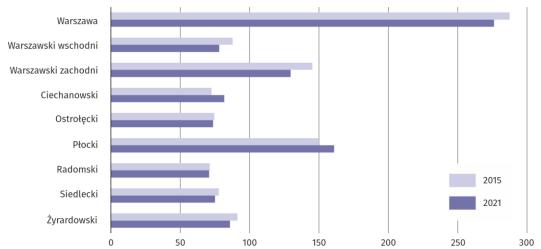
The ratio of GDP per capita to the national average was 155.5%

Chart 3. Gross domestic product per capita by voivodships (relative deviations from the national average in %; current prices)



In województwo mazowieckie macroregion, the value of GDP per capita is clearly differentiated in individual subregions – in 2021, this rate ranged from PLN 49 111 in radomski subregion, and to PLN 191 318 in Warszawa. In terms of GDP per capita, Warszawa occupies the first place in Poland, outpacing the national average by 176.2% (in 2015, by 187.4%). In the remaining subregions of the Voivodship, the recorded value of GDP per capita spread between 70.9% of the national average (in radomski) and 161.0% (in płocki). The lowest level of GDP per capita recorded in 2021 in radomski subregion, accounted for 25.7% of the level of this measure obtained in the subregion of Warszawa. In 2015, the relation of the subregion with the lowest rate (radomski as well) to the subregion with the highest rate (Warszawa) was 24.8%. In the analysed period, there was an increase by 0.1 pp of dispersion rate² of GDP per capita calculated at the level of subregions; in 2021, it amounted to 52.8%, while in 2015 – 52.7%.





The level of GDP per capita above the national average was obtained in 3 subregions

In case of quoting Statistics Poland data, please provide information: "Source of data: Statistics Poland", and in case of publishing calculations made on data published by Statistics Poland, please include the following disclaimer: "Own study based on figures from Statistics Poland".

² The dispersion rate (measure of variation) of regional GDP per capita was calculated at the level of subregions as the sum of absolute values of differences between values for subregions and macroregional value of GDP per capita, weighted by the share of the population of individual subregions in the macroregion, expressed in percentage of macroregional GDP per capita.

Table 1. Gross domestic product in the NUTS 2016 statistical division (current prices)

Specification		Total			Per capita		
		in milion PLN	in per- cent	Poland= =100	In PLN	macro- region= =100	Poland= =100
Macroregion Mazowieckie	2015	396696	100,0	22,1	74276	100,0	158,8
Voivodship	2020	536016	100,0	22,9	97093	100,0	158,6
	2021	593814	100,0	22,6	107711	100,0	155,5
Region warszawski sto- łeczny	2015	301204	75,9	16,7	101174	136,2	216,3
	2020	414048	77,2	17,7	128118	132,0	209,2
	2021	455370	76,7	17,3	140534	130,5	202,9
subregions:							
Warszawa	2015	233814	58,9	13,0	134408	181,0	287,4
	2020	323632	60,4	13,8	173885	179,1	284,0
	2021	355891	59,9	13,5	191318	177,6	276,2
warszawski wschodni	2015	25458	6,4	1,4	41041	55,3	87,8
	2020	33518	6,3	1,4	49405	50,9	80,7
	2021	36907	6,2	1,4	54093	50,2	78,1
warszawski zachodni	2015	41933	10,6	2,3	67939	91,5	145,3
	2020	56898	10,6	2,4	82205	84,7	134,3
	2021	62572	10,5	2,4	89672	83,3	129,5
Region mazowiecki regio- nalny	2015	95491	24,1	5,3	40399	54,4	86,4
	2020	121968	22,8	5,2	53288	54,9	87,0
	2021	138444	23,3	5,3	60915	56,6	87,9
subregions:							
ciechanowski	2015	11675	2,9	0,6	33955	45,7	72,6
	2020	16599	3,1	0,7	50081	51,6	81,8
	2021	18615	3,1	0,7	56560	52,5	81,7
ostrołęcki	2015	13555	3,4	0,8	34890	47,0	74,6
	2020	17666	3,3	0,8	46988	48,4	76,7
	2021	19083	3,2	0,7	51078	47,4	73,7
płocki	2015	23239	5,9	1,3	69958	94,2	149,6
	2020	27406	5,1	1,2	85767	88,3	140,1
	2021	35333	6,0	1,3	111516	103,5	161,0
radomski	2015	20589	5,2	1,1	33326	44,9	71,3
	2020	26813	5,0	1,1	45211	46,6	73,8
	2021	28898	4,9	1,1	49111	45,6	70,9
siedlecki	2015	15333	3,9	0,9	36405	49,0	77,8
	2020	19738	3,7	0,8	48171	49,6	78,7
	2021	21189	3,6	0,8	52049	48,3	75,1
żyrardowski	2015	11100	2,8	0,6	42663	57,4	91,2
	2020	13746	2,6	0,6	53056	54,6	86,6
	2021	15326	2,6	0,6	59478	55,2	85,9

Prepared by:

Statistical Office in Warszawa

Director Agnieszka Ajdyn

Phone: (+48 22) 464 23 15

Press office

Phone: (+48 22) 464 20 91

e-mail: m.kaluski@stat.gov.pl

Issued by:

Statistical Information Centre

Marcin Kałuski

Phone: (+48 22) 464 20 91

warszawa.stat.gov.pl/en/

Warszawa_STAT

G @UrzadStatystycznywWarszawie

gus_stat

glownyurzadstatystycznygus

in glownyurzadstatystyczny

Related information

Statistical requirements compendium - national accounts

Gross domestic product – regional accounts in the years 2019–2021

Gross domestic product and gross value added in regional breakdown in 2021

Provisional estimates of gross domestic product in regional breakdown in 2021

Methodological report. Gross domestic product and its elements in the regional breakdown

Data available in databases

Local Data Bank - Regional accounts

Knowledge Databases – National accounts

Terms used in official statistics

Gross domestic product

Regional accounts

