

Health care in Mazowieckie Voivodship in 2018

16th August 2019


1.2%

Increase in the number of out-patient consultations compared to 2017

At the end of 2018, out-patient health care services within public funds were provided by 3046 out-patient departments and 293 doctors and stomatological practices. In 2018, 48.1 million consultations were provided in out-patient health care – 43.1 million doctors and 5.6 million stomatological consultations. As of the end of 2018, there were 1738 generally available pharmacies and 143 pharmaceutical outlets.

In 2018, there were nearly 49 million consultations provided in out-patient health care

Out-patient departments and medical practices

At the end of 2018, there were 3339 out-patient units (increase by 0.1% compared to 2017), of which 3046 departments¹ and 37 doctor practices and 256 stomatological practices, which provided services financed under public funds.

At the end of 2018, 18% of out-patient departments were owned by public sector entities

Table 1. Out-patient health care units

As of 31st December

SPECIFICATION	2017	2018	
		in absolute numbers	2017=100
Total	3335	3339	100,1
Out-patient departments	3028	3046	100,6
urban areas	2427	2449	100,9
rural areas	601	597	99,3
Practices ^a total	307	293	95,4
doctors	37	37	100,0
stomatological	270	256	94,8
urban areas	180	168	93,3
rural areas	127	125	98,4

^a Data include practices that signed contracts with the National Health Fund or with out-patient departments.

¹ Including out-patient departments of the Ministry of National Defense and Ministry of the Interior and Administration.

In comparison with the previous year, the number of out-patient departments increased by 0.6%, the number of stomatological practices decreased by 5.2%, the number of doctors practices did not changed.

At the end of 2018, there were 1618 persons per 1 out-patient health care unit (by 3 persons more than in the previous year).

At the end of 2018, in Mazowieckie Voivodship, 92.8% of out-patient health care entities were adapted to the needs of disabled persons. 69.1% of facilities were equipped with ramps or platforms facilitating the entrance to the building, 29.6% with elevator, 26.8% had non-slip flooring, and 2.9% had facilities for the visually impaired or blind persons.

In 2018, the number of stomatological consultations decreased, mainly in urban areas

Out-patient consultations

In 2018, there were 48,658.1 thousand consultations provided in out-patient health care facilities (by 1.2% more than in 2017). The vast majority of consultations (86.4%) was provided in urban areas. 44.5% of out-patient consultations were provided in primary health care, and 55.5% in specialized care, of which 11.5% by dentists.

On average, there was three times more out-patient consultations per urban resident than per rural resident

The average number of out-patient consultations per 1 capita in 2018 amounted to 9.0, but the rate was three times higher in urban areas than in rural areas and amounted to 12.1 and 3.5, respectively.

Table 2. Consultations provided^a in out-patient health care

As of 31st December

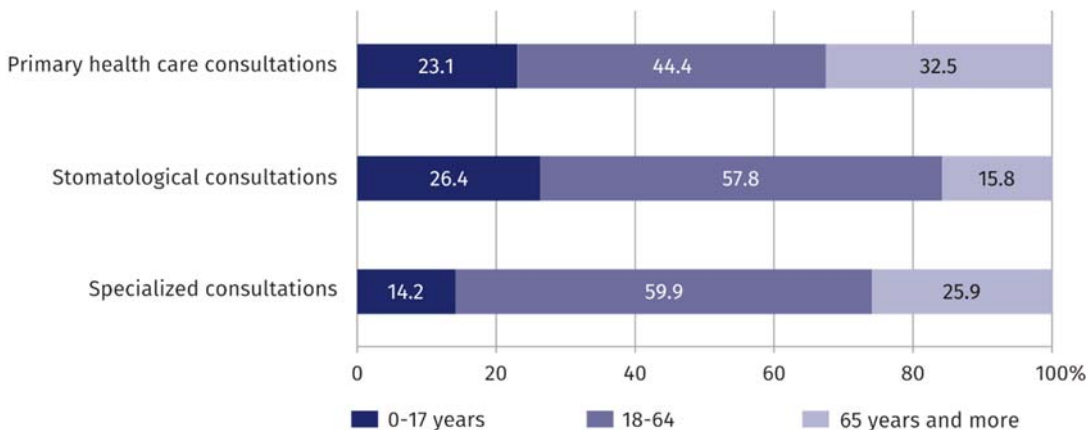
SPECIFICATION	2017	2018	
		in thousands	2017=100
Consultations provided	48062,2	48658,1	101,2
urban areas	41424,8	42024,3	101,4
rural areas	6637,5	6633,8	99,9
In primary health care	21437,5	21651,7	101,0
In specialized care	26624,7	27006,5	101,4
doctors	21190,3	21416,7	101,1
stomatological	5434,4	5589,8	102,9

^a Including consultations financed by patients (non-public funds); excluding consultations provided in admission rooms of general hospitals.

Out-patient consultations were more often provided to women. In specialized care they represented 60.2%, and in primary health care — 57.3%.

Almost 60% of the total out-patient consultations was provided to women

Chart 1. Structure of out-patient consultations by type and age of patients in 2018



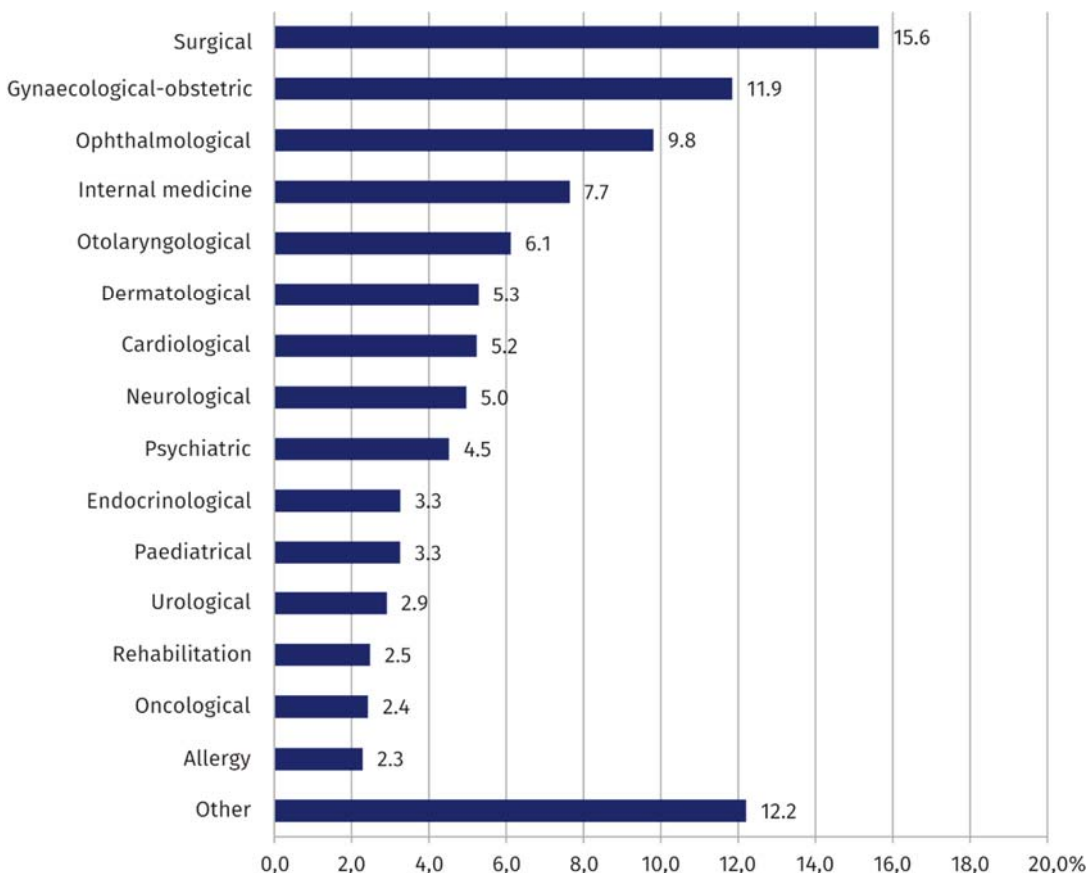
As in the previous year, every third primary health care consultation was provided to persons aged 65 and more

In 2018, more than half – 52.7% of consultations were provided to persons aged 18-64, in the age group 65 years and more – 27.7%, and aged 0-17 – 19.5%.

9511.8 thousand consultations were provided to children and youth in the age group 0-17 years, of which – 52.5% accounted for primary health care consultations (increase by 0.1 pp per year), 32.0% specialized doctors consultations (decrease by 0.6 pp per year) and 15.5% stomatological consultations (increase by 0.5 pp per year).

13481.0 thousand consultations were provided in the age group 65 years and more, the most in primary health care – 52.3% (annual rate unchanged), followed by 41.2% of specialized health care (decrease by 0.1 pp per year) and 6.6% of stomatological health care (increase by 0.2 pp per year).

Chart 2. Structure of specialized doctors' consultations by type of clinic in 2018



Most (3.4 million) specialized doctors consultations were provided in surgical clinics

Generally available pharmacies and pharmaceutical outlets

At the end of 2018, 1738 generally available pharmacies^a conducted sales of medicines and medical supplies (by 57 fewer than in the previous year), of which 337 performed night shifts (2.9% regular, 16.5% periodic). In rural areas, in addition to 267 pharmacies, there were 143 pharmaceutical outlets.

In 2018, 35 pharmacies operated by mail order using the website (45 in 2017), pharmacy outlets did not conduct this form of sale.

In generally available pharmacies and pharmaceutical outlets there were 3934 Masters of Pharmacy and 4503 pharmaceutical technicians among employees. As in 2017, the vast majority of the employed were women – 84.6% and 93.3%, respectively.

Nearly 82% of pharmacies and pharmaceutical outlets had facilities for the disabled. 47.6% of pharmacies and 61.5% of pharmaceutical outlets were equipped with ramps or platforms facilitating the entrance to the building.

Compared to 2017, the number of pharmacies decreased by 3%

Nearly 90% of persons with Master's degree in pharmacy and pharmaceutical technicians employed in pharmacies and pharmaceutical outlets were women

Table 3. Pharmacies and pharmaceutical outlets

As of 31st December

SPECIFICATION	2017	2018	2017=100
	in absolute numbers		
Pharmacies	1795	1738	96,8
of which performing night shifts:			
regular	54	50	92,6
periodic	263	287	109,1
Pharmaceutical outlets	143	143	100
Persons employed in pharmacies and pharmaceutical outlets	9684	9519	98,3
of which:			
Masters of Pharmacy	4026	3934	97,7
Pharmaceutical technicians	4394	4503	102,5
Population per pharmacy	3000	3109	x

^a Based on the Report of pharmacy and pharmaceutical outlet (ZD-5).

Prepared by:

**Mazovian Centre for Regional Surveys
Statistical Office in Warszawa
Marzena Suchecka**
Tel: + 48 29 760 78 50 w. 7120
e-mail: m.suhecka@stat.gov.pl

Issued by:

**Statistical Information Centre
Marcin Kałuski**
Tel: + 48 22 464 20 91
e-mail: m.kaluski@stat.gov.pl

Translated by:

Agnieszka Gromek-Żukowska
Tel: +48 22 464 22 42
e-mail: a.gromek-zukowska@stat.gov.pl

Press office

tel.: +48 22 464 20 91

e-mail: m.kaluski@stat.gov.pl



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Related information

[Health care in Mazowieckie Voivodship in 2017](#)

Data available in databases

[Local Data Bank -> Health care, social welfare and benefits to the family](#)

[Knowledge Databases ->Health and health care](#)

Terms used in official statistics

[Specialized out-patient services](#)

[Out-patient health care services](#)

[Generally available pharmacy](#)

[Primary health care](#)

[Consultation](#)

[Medical practice](#)

[Out-patient department](#)

[Pharmaceutical outlet](#)

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