STATISTICS OF WARSAW

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LABOUR MARKET

Average employment in Warsaw in enterprise sector in September 2015 amounted to 964.0 thousand people and was by 0.3 thousand people higher than in August 2015, and by 0.9 thousand people higher compared with September 2014.

At the end of September 2015 the number of **registered unemployed persons** equated to 43049 and was lower by 668 persons, i.e. 1.5% than at the end of August 2015 and by 8207 persons, i.e. 16.0% lower than during the similar period of the year 2014.

The number of **unemployed women** amounted to 21012 which constituted 48.8% of all unemployed residents (in the previous month 48.9% and in the previous year 48.6%).

The registered unemployment rate equaled 3.7% (3.8% in August 2015, and 4.5% in Sep*tember 2014).*

TRADE

Retail sales in trade and non-trade enterprises in September 2015 (in current prices) was by 1.3% higher than in August 2015 and by 7.0% lower compared with September 2014.

Wholesale in trade enterprises in September 2015 (in current prices) increased by 16.7% as compared with the previous month and by 11.1% as compared with September 2014; in wholesale enterprises it was higher by 13.4% and 11.0% respectively.

INDUSTRY AND CONSTRUCTION

Sold production of industry in September 2015 amounted to (in current prices) 9347.5 million zl (2205.3 million EUR¹) and was higher by 2.4% (in constant prices) compared with September 2014.

In January to September 2015 sold production of industry reached 79418.6 mln zl (18737.0 million EUR¹) (in current prices) and was (in constant prices) lower by 2.6% compared with the same period of 2014.

Sold production of construction in September 2015 stood at (in current prices) 3185.3 million zl (751.5 million EUR¹) and was by 2.7% higher than in August 2015, and by 7.3% lower than over the same period of the previous year.

In January-September 2015 sold production of industry reached 25762.1 mln zl (6078.0 million EUR¹), i.e. by 1.2% lower than over the same period of 2014.

WAGES AND SALARIES

Average monthly gross wages and salaries in enterprise sector in September 2015 amounted to 5251.78 zl (1239.0 EUR¹) and were 0.6% higher than in August 2015, and 5.2% higher than in the similar period of 2014.

HOUSING CONSTRUCTION

According to preliminary data, 9422 dwellings were completed in Warsaw in January-September 2015 (10.6% less than in the same period of 2014).

In January-September 2015 construction of 14410 dwellings was initiated (7.3% more than during the similar period of 2014).



14 OCTOBER NATIONAL EDUCATION DAY

National Education Day commonly referred to as Teacher's Day is a Polish national celebration of education and higher education. It was established on 27th April 1972 as Teacher's Day, then in 1982 renamed for National Education Day.

• At the end of 2014 there were 76 804 persons employed in education sector, by 7.4% more compared with 2013.

• Average monthly gross wages and salaries in 2014 amounted for 4505.37 zl and were by 3.5% higher than in 2013.

• The majority of teachers were employed in higher education institutions (14 376), the least of them were employed at post-secondary schools (410).

• Females in pre-primary education facilities represented the most numerous group among teachers (98.8%); while the least numerous group in higher education institutions (43.1%).

• Academic teachers employed as professors represented 26.3% of total persons employed in higher education institutions.

• The majority of teaching staff were teachers with diploma (33.1%).

• The highest number of students per 1 teacher was observed at post-secondary schools (32.6), while the lowest in pre-primary education facilities (11.5).

¹ Average monthly exchange rate for the end of September 2015 as published by the National Bank of Poland 1 EUR = 4.2386 zl

MOST RECENT DATA ON EDUCATION IN WARSAW

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In the school year 2014/15 in Warsaw there were 978 pre-primary education facilities, including nursery schools, pre-primary education complexes, pre-primary points and pre-primary sections in primary schools. Pre-primary education covered 69 290 children, i.e. by 1.7% less than in the previous year. Nursery schools accounted for 69.1% of all facilities by offering 57 902 places. The average number of children per 1 nursery school was 86.

In the school year 2014/15 primary education for children was organised in 324 establishments, attended by 102 246 children. The number of pupils in primary schools in Warsaw has increased by 10.0% in comparison with the preceding year. In lower secondary schools for children and youth (231 establishments) the number of students increased slightly to 39 238 in the school year 2014/15 (increase by 1.8% in relation to the previous year).

After finishing lower secondary school, the youth continue education in a variety of schools. In the school year 2014/15 in Warsaw there were 236 establishments for graduates of lower secondary schools (excluding post-secondary schools); in 139 general secondary schools there were 37 232 students, i.e. by 1.3% less than in the school year 2013/14; and in 54 technical secondary schools – 16 426 students, i.e. by 0.3% less.

In the academic year 2014/15 in 75 higher education institutions located in Warsaw there were 236 276 students, i.e. by 4.1% less than in the preceding year; of the total number of students the majority were females (58.6%). Out of the total number of students, 133 810 people, i.e. 56.6% attended full-time programmes; their proportion increased by 3.0 percentage points in comparison with the preceding year. Women also prevailed among the full-time students (57.6%).

The number of foreigners studying in Warsaw's higher education institutions has been increasing. In the 2014/15 academic year 13 630 foreigners studied in Warsaw, i.e. by 27.9% more than in the preceding year. Among them, the most popular institutions were academies of economics and universities (chosen by, respectively, 42.3% and 15.7% of all foreign students). In the population of foreign students women prevailed slightly (53.1%). The majority of foreigners (81.7%) came from European countries, mostly from Ukraine and Belarus (respectively: 48.1% and 14.1%).

In Warsaw's higher education institutions there were 3 297 students with disability, among them the largest number attended universities – 27.7% of the total number.

In the academic year 2013/14 higher education institutions had 61 763 graduates (by 2.6% less than in the preceding year), with a decisive majority of women (65.0%). The proportion of foreigners among all graduates was 2.5%. Graduates of full-time programmes constituted 51.2% of all graduates and of part-time studies – 48.8%.

