



## Statistical Office in Warsaw

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### LABOUR MARKET

**Average employment** in Warsaw in enterprises sector in December 2014 amounted to 969.6 thousand people and was higher by 0.9 thousand people, i.e. 0.1% than in November 2014, and by 15.2 thousand people, i.e. 1.6% higher compared with December 2013.

At the end of December 2014 the number of **registered unemployed persons** equated to 48840 and was lower by 1253 persons, i.e. 2.5% than at the end of November 2014 and by 6002 persons, i.e. 10.9 lower than during the similar period of the year 2013.

The number of **unemployed women** amounted to 23562 which constituted 48.2% of all unemployed residents (in the previous month 48.4% and in the previous year 48.1%).

**The registered unemployment rate** equaled 4.3% (4.4% in November 2014, and 4.8% in December 2013).

### TRADE

**Retail sales** in trade and non-trade enterprises in December 2014 (in current prices) was higher by 27.4% than in November 2014 and higher by 1.0% compared with December 2013.

In January-December 2014 compared with the same period of the year 2013, retail sales increased by 0.7%.

**Wholesale** in trade enterprises in December 2014 (in current prices) increased by 1.5% as compared with the previous month and by 3.8% as compared with December 2013; in wholesale enterprises it was higher by 4.5% and 8.3% respectively.

In January-December 2014 wholesale in trade enterprises increased by 2.0% in comparison with the previous year, and in wholesale enterprises – by 1.6%.

### INDUSTRY AND CONSTRUCTION

**Sold production of industry** in December 2014 amounted to (in current prices) 10868.0 million zł (2573.3 million EUR<sup>1</sup>) and was higher by 6.4% (in current prices) compared with December 2013.

In January-December 2014 sold production of industry reached 112018.4 million zł (26523.9 million EUR<sup>1</sup>) (in current prices) and it was lower (in constant prices) by 0.2% than over the same period of 2013.

**Sold production of construction** in December 2014 stood at (in current prices) 3126.9 million zł (740.4 million EUR<sup>1</sup>) and was by 4.4% higher than in November 2014, and by 8.9% higher than over the same period of the previous year.

In January-December 2014 sold production of construction reached 37256.6 million zł (8821.7 million EUR<sup>1</sup>), i.e. by 9.3% higher than over the same period of 2013.

### WAGES AND SALARIES

**Average monthly gross wages and salaries** in enterprise sector in December 2014 amounted to 5380.48 zł (1274.0 EUR<sup>1</sup>) and were 5.0% higher than in November 2014, and 2.9% higher than in the similar period of 2013.

### HOUSING CONSTRUCTION

According to preliminary data, 14882 dwellings were completed in Warsaw in January-December 2014 (13.4% more than over the similar period of 2013).

In January-December 2014 construction of 18340 dwellings was initiated (75.1% more than during the similar period of 2013).

2014  
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<sup>1</sup> Average monthly exchange rate for December 2014 as published by the National Bank of Poland 1 EUR = 4.2233 zł

**POPULATION OF WARSAW AS COMPARED TO SELECTED CAPITALS:  
BERLIN, BRATISLAVA, BUDAPEST, PRAGUE AND VIENNA IN 2012**

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Among six capital cities presented in this report, by far the largest urban area belonged to Berlin (891.7 sq km). Warsaw, with its area of 517 sq km, ranked third, and the smallest, spatially, capital was Bratislava (368 sq km). At the end of 2012 the largest population also inhabited Berlin (3375.2 thousand persons), while the least persons resided in Bratislava (415.6 thousand persons). The population of Warsaw (1715.5 thousand persons) ranked third, right below the one of Vienna (1741.2 thousand persons) and Budapest (1735.7 thousand persons). The highest population density was observed in Vienna (4199 persons/sq km). Population density above 3 thousand persons per square kilometre was in Berlin, Warsaw and Budapest. The values for Bratislava and Prague were the lowest (1130 and 2513 persons/sq km respectively).

The structure of population by sex of all analysed capital cities was dominated by women. In Warsaw the share of women was 54.1% of total population. The sex ratio was slightly less skewed towards women in Budapest (53.8%) and Bratislava (53.3%).

The highest natural increase per 1000 population was observed in Bratislava (2.5). Warsaw, with the value of 0.2‰ ranked second to last above Budapest, which was the only capital with negative natural increase (-3.0‰).

Among presented capital cities Berlin had the highest number of live births (34678), Warsaw ranked second (18795), while the least live births were recorded in Bratislava (5088).

In regard to the number of contracted marriages, Bratislava residents were the leaders. In 2012 the marriage rate (per 1000 population) amounted to 6.2 in this city. The lowest marriage rate was in Berlin (3.9‰). In Warsaw this rate stood at 4.5‰.

Our capital city had, in turn, the lowest divorce rate per 1000 population: it was 2.1. While the highest values of this rate (2.6‰ and 2.5‰ respectively) were observed in Prague and Vienna.

When analyzing migrations in presented capitals, it turned out that in 2012 immigrants were most willing to settle in Berlin and Vienna (165 and 90 thousand persons respectively). During this time 20 thousand persons moved to live in Warsaw. The lowest number of people end up in Bratislava (6 thousand persons). Similar proportions were observed in the group of emigrants. The largest number of people moved out from Berlin and Vienna (123 and 68 thousand persons respectively). At this time 13 thousand residents emigrated from Warsaw. The smallest number of people left Bratislava (5 thousand persons). By far the highest net migration was recorded in Berlin (over 29 thousand persons), and the lowest (0,3 thousand persons) in Warsaw.

**POPULATION BY AGE GROUPS IN 2012**

